

EVOLUTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS

NEGATIVE RIGHTS	AGAINST PRIVATE PERSONS AND GROUPS	17th century or earlier Political Freedom	18th century or earlier Civil Liberties	19th century Participation Rights	20th century Socioeconomic Rights
		Protection from bodily harm	Protection from libel	Protection from involuntary servitude	Protection from environmental pollution Security from economic coercion Protection of children
	PRIVATE RIGHTS	Life Physical liberty Religious belief and practice	Security against unfair criminal procedures Security against unfair civil procedures Security against arbitrary administrative action	Teaching Travel	Artistic expression Life style Inquiry Information Participation in cultural life Privacy Marriage Choice of birth control strategies
		Security against arbitrary government action	Political discussion Assembly Petition Publication	Voting Political candidacy Association Organization	Political asylum Right to regain citizenship Right of access
	AGAINST GOVERNMENT	EQUALITY RIGHTS	Equality before law Freedom from unfair discrimination based on: religion, status of nobility	Equal opportunity Civil equality Freedom from unfair discrimination based on: race, language, ethnic and national origin	Freedom from unfair discrimination based on: sex, age, literacy, wealth
		ECONOMIC RIGHTS	Possession and use of property Occupation Buying and selling Contracting Copyright	Labor organization	Nondiscrimination in government benefits and services
				Education	Adequate income Health services Housing Employment Insurance against financial risk of: work injury unemployment retirement ill health old age
POSITIVE RIGHTS					